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BEFORE THE ARKANSAS PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

FILED

IN THE MATTER OF AN INVESTIGATION OF ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC.'S MARCH 2006 ENERGY COST RECOVERY RIDER ANNUAL UPDATE)))	DOCKET NO. 06-055-U	DOC#126
IN THE MATTER OF AN INVESTIGATION INTO ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC.'S INTERIM REVISION TO ITS ENERGY COST RECOVERY RIDER)))	DOCKET NO. 05-116-U	DOC#192

PHASE II DIRECT TESTIMONY

OF

THOMAS D. CROWLEY

PRESIDENT

L. E. PEABODY & ASSOCIATES, INC.

ON BEHALF OF ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC.

1 I. INTRODUCTION

- 2 Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME.
- 3 A. My name is Thomas D. Crowley.
- 5 Q. ARE YOU THE SAME THOMAS D. CROWLEY WHO SUBMITTED
- 6 REBUTTAL TESTIMONY ON BEHALF OF ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC.
- 7 IN THIS PROCEEDING ON MARCH 15, 2006?
- 8 A. Yes, I am.

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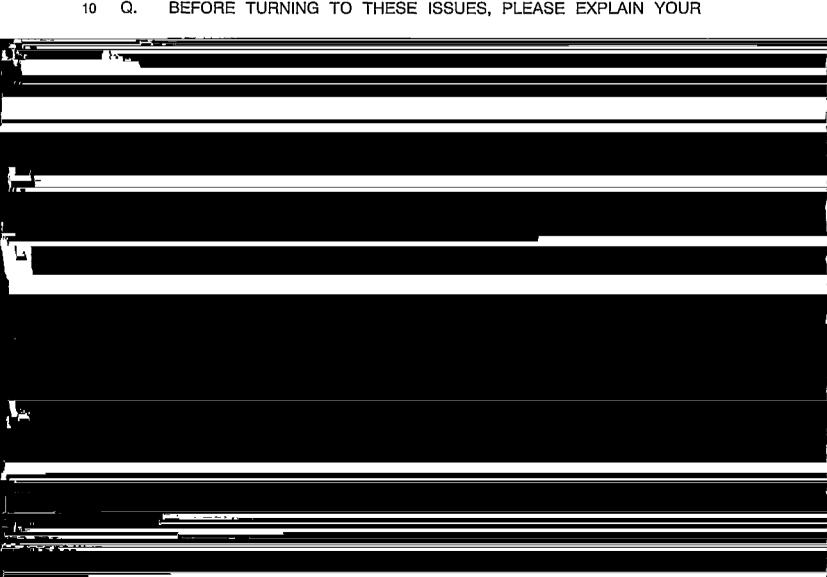
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- 10 Q. ON WHOSE BEHALF ARE YOU OFFERING THIS DIRECT
- 11 TESTIMONY?
- 12 A. I am submitting this direct testimony to the Arkansas Public Service
- 13 Commission ("APSC" or the "Commission") on behalf of Entergy
- 14 Arkansas, Inc. ("EAI" or the "Company").
- 16 Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR DIRECT TESTIMONY?
- 17 A. EAI requested that I provide direct testimony on two issues relating to the
- matters that have been under review by the Commission in this
- 19 proceeding. First, I will address EAI's inventory levels during the relevant
- 20 review period. Second, I will explain the economic analysis and risk
- 21 analysis that I conducted in October 2008 to assign a value to the April 7,
- 22 2008 settlement that EAI and Entergy Services, Inc. ("ESI") reached with
- the Union Pacific Railroad Company ("UP") in connection with its litigation

of service-related disputes in Entergy Arkansas Inc. and Entergy Services, 1 Inc. v. Union Pacific Railroad Company, Case No. CV2006-2711 (Circuit 2 3 Court of Pulaski County, Arkansas) (the "Court Case"). I have also prepared an update of my valuation of the settlement analysis to account 4 for changes in the coal transportation market since 2008, consistent with 5 6 EAI's direct experiences in dealing with UP and the BNSF Railway Company, Inc. ("BNSF") (UP and BNSF are sometimes collectively 7 8 referred to as the "Railroads").

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Q. BEFORE TURNING TO THESE ISSUES, PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR



1 II. EAI'S INVENTORY PRACTICES

- 2 Q. ARE YOU FAMILIAR WITH THE COMMISSION'S DOCKET NO. 05-116-
- 3 U, ORDER NO. 14, AND DOCKET NO. 06-055-U, ORDER NO. 10 (THE
- 4 "ORDERS") IN THIS PROCEEDING?
- 5 A. Yes.

6

- 7 Q. HAVE YOU REVIEWED THE COMMISSION'S FINDING THAT "THE
- 8 COMPANY'S FAILURE TO MAINTAIN A 45-DAY COAL SUPPLY GOING
- 9 INTO THE SUMMER OF 2005 WAS IMPRUDENT . . .?"
- 10 A. Yes.

11

- 12 Q. IN THE COURSE OF YOUR WORK IN THE UP LITIGATION DID YOU
- 13 REVIEW THE FACTUAL BASIS FOR THE COMMISSION'S FINDINGS?
- 14 A. Yes, I did. Not surprisingly, UP's expert on coal inventory seized upon
- the Commission's finding with regard to the 45-days and attempted to use
- this finding to limit UP's responsibility for the increased costs that EAI
- experienced in 2005 and 2006 as a result of UP's inadequate coal
- transportation service.

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- 20 Q. DID YOU DISCOVER A FLAW IN THE FACTUAL BASIS FOR THE
- 21 COMMISSION'S FINDINGS?

¹ Docket No. 05-116-U, Order No. 14 and Docket No. 06-055-U, Order No. 10 (the "Orders") at 26.

- 1 A. Yes. I determined that the burn rates used by the Commission in reaching its conclusions in the Orders were not the same as the burn rates that were used in initially establishing the 45-day standard.
- 5 Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN.

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A. 6 The 45-day standard that the Commission relied upon was established in 7 a proceeding in 1996 relating to the Company's application to revise its 8 base rates in Docket No. 96-360-U. The 45-day inventory number represented the amount of inventory that EAI was allowed to include in its 9 rate base for the cost of service determination. Upon my review of the 10 11 record of that case, I determined that in developing the amount of coal inventory to allow in EAI's rate base in Docket No. 96-360-U, the APSC 12 Staff relied upon the average daily burn at EAI's coal plants, the White 13 Bluff and Independence Steam Electric Stations ("White Bluff" and "ISES" 14 15 respectively). This fact was confirmed by the following testimony of APSC 16 General Staff ("Staff") witness Richard McDowell:

In response to a Staff Interrogatory, APSC-198, the Company provided the average daily burn amounts which were required to fire each of the plants. I calculated the

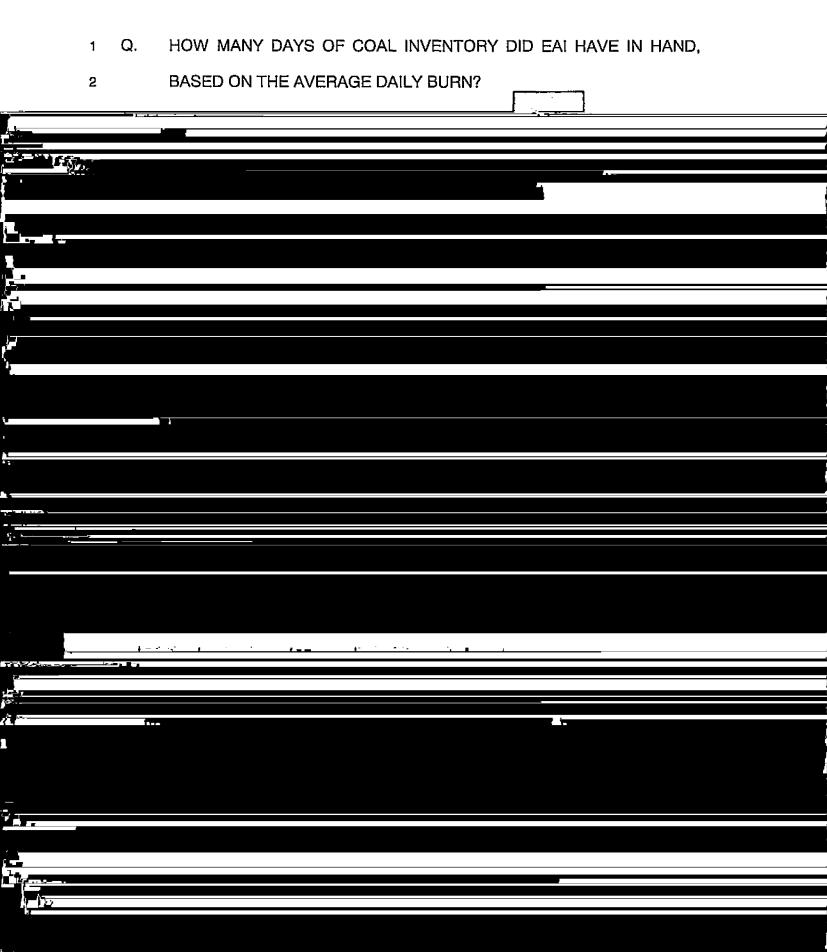
1 A copy of Mr. McDowell's pertinent testimony is attached as EAI Exhibit 2 In other words, the 45-day standard adopted by the APSC in 3 1997 was designed to allow EAI to include in its rate base inventory levels 4 based upon average daily fuel consumption at White Bluff and ISES, 5 EAl's coal generating stations. 6 HOW DO THE AVERAGE BURN RATES USED IN 1996 COMPARE TO 7 Q. 8 THE BURN RATES USED BY THE COMMISSION TO EVALUATE EAI'S INVENTORY LEVELS GOING INTO 2005? 9 Α. The average burn rates that were used in 1996 are significantly below the 10 burn rates that EAI uses in its current policy. As reflected in EAI Exhibit 11 12 TDC-6, the combined average daily burn during the 1995 test-year for the 13 two Arkansas coal plants that was utilized by the Staff and ultimately reflected in a cost of service study approved by the APSC in 1997 totaled 14 15 tons per day. Based on this average daily consumption during the 16 1995 test-year, the 45-day target inventory level authorized by the APSC equates to million tons of coal. 17 18 In considering EAI's inventory levels going into 2005, the Commission reviewed EAI's then-current inventory practices. 19 in my review of these practices in the UP litigation, I determined that the burn 20 rates used for setting target inventory levels in the period reviewed by the 21 Commission in this proceeding was tons per day at both White 22 Bluff and ISES. This produces an assumed burn rate of 23

1		day for both plants, or roughly tons per day more burn than was
2		used in Staff's calculation of its recommended inventory level. Based on
3		this data, the Commission concluded that 45-days of inventory equated to
4		million tons.
5		
6	Q.	DID THE COMMISSION'S USE OF BURN RATES IN ITS ANALYSIS IN
7		2007 THAT DIFFERED FROM THE BURN RATES USED IN DOCKET
8		NO. 96-360-U TO ESTABLISH THE 45-DAY STANDARD IMPACT THE
9		COMMISSION'S FINDINGS?
10	A.	Yes. I believe that the use of two different burn rates resulted in a
11		disconnect that led to the erroneous conclusion that EAI had not
12		maintained a 45-day coal supply going into 2005.
13		
14	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN THE DISCONNECT.
15	A.	When the consistent daily burn rate of tons per day is used to
16		evaluate whether EAI had maintained a 45-day coal supply, the analysis
17		shows that EAI was at or above the 45-day standard in most years. As I
18		show in EAI Exhibit TDC-7, when the correct burn rates of tons per
19		day are used, EAI was above the 45-day benchmark in three of the five
20		years that I studied and had an overall average of 44 days of inventory for
21		the two coal generating stations combined. This one-day deviation from
22		the 45-day mark is easily explained given UP's delivery shortfalls that EAI
23		was attempting to deal with and reflects the efforts that EAI had employed

1		to manage its stockpile in a manner that would minimize the railroad-
2		related disruptions. I have reviewed these shortfalls and calculated that
3		the difference between what EAI declared in the years 2000-2004
4		exceeded UP's deliveries by approximately tons, as shown in
5		Highly Sensitive EAI Exhibit TDC-8. This equates to 10.9 days of coal
6		inventory at the two Arkansas coal plants. Accordingly, it is clear that the
7		minor deviation from the 45-day target was attributable to the UP
8		shortfalls.
9		
10	Q.	BEFORE MAY 2005 WHEN UP CLAIMED A FORCE MAJEURE EVENT
11		RELATED TO THE DERAILMENTS IN THE POWDER RIVER BASIN
12		("PRB"), WHAT WERE THE INVENTORY LEVELS FOR EAI?
13	A.	Based on EAI's response to question APSC 1-9, Addendum 1 in Docket
14		No. 05-116-U, provided as Highly Sensitive EAI Exhibit TDC-9, for April
15		2005 the inventory level equaled tons at White Bluff and
16		tons at ISES. In total, the April 2005 inventory equaledtons.
17		
18	Q.	HOW MANY DAYS OF COAL INVENTORY DID EAI HAVE ON HAND,
19		BASED ON THE MAXIMUM POTENTIAL BURN RATE?
20	A.	If the maximum potential burn rate of tons per day is utilized, the
21		April 2005 inventory equated to 36 days. (tons divided by
22		tons per day).

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Entergy Arkansas, Inc. Phase II Direct Testimony of Thomas D. Crowley Docket No. 06-055-U and Docket No. 05-116-U



would have been the average burn rate because that burn rate was used to establish the standard. The fact that EAI was using a higher burn rate assumption for its internal inventory policy does not contradict the prudence of its actions in maintaining a 45-day inventory under the burn rate assumptions that were used to establish that standard. The use of the higher burn rate for the internal policy reflects a conservative approach that suggests that EAI was planning inventory based on peak burns. In my experience, it is more common for utilities and Commissions to view inventory levels based on average daily burn rates. The use of other metrics (such as maximum burn rates, or peak burn rates) is sometimes utilized by utilities that are attempting to build an additional cushion into their stockpiles.

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III. MUTUAL RELEASE AND SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

- 15 Q. ARE YOU AWARE THAT EAI SETTLED THE COURT CASE AGAINST
- 16 UP?

17 A. Yes.

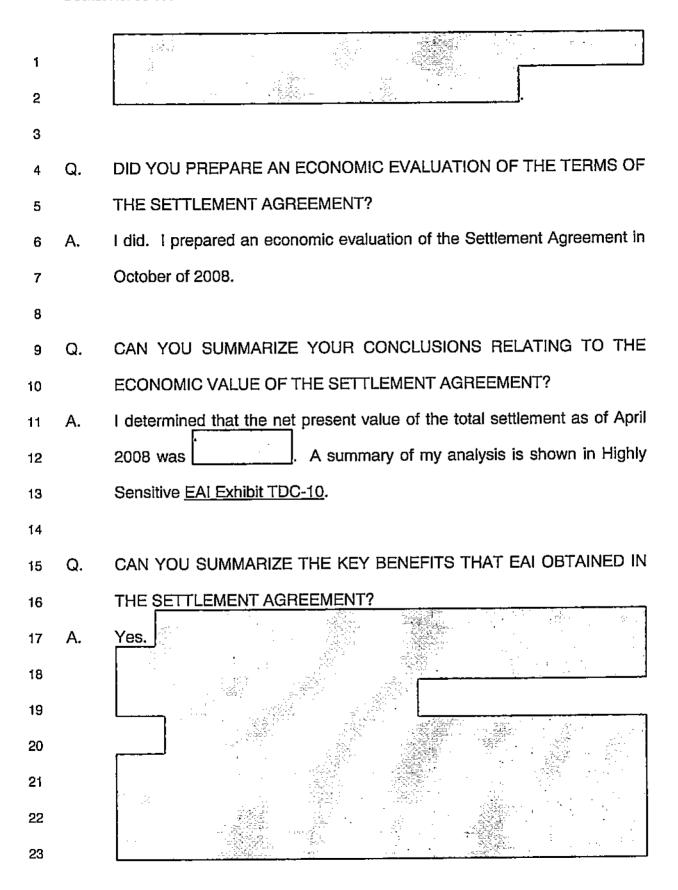
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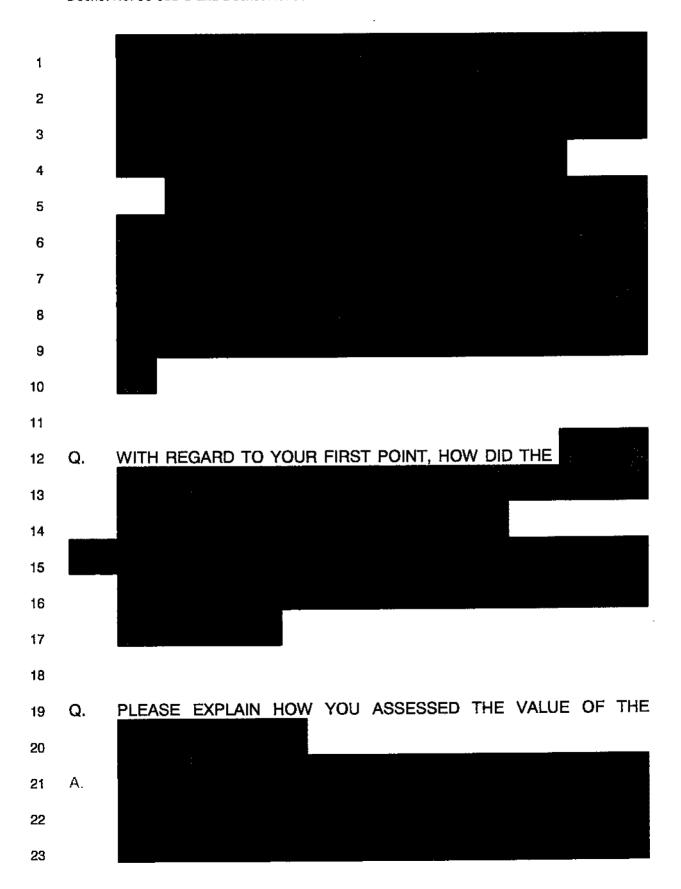
- 19 Q. ARE YOU FAMILIAR WITH THE TERMS OF THAT SETTLEMENT?
- 20 A. Yes. I am aware of the terms of the Mutual Release and Settlement
- 21 Agreement (the "Settlement Agreement"). Generally, EAI settled the

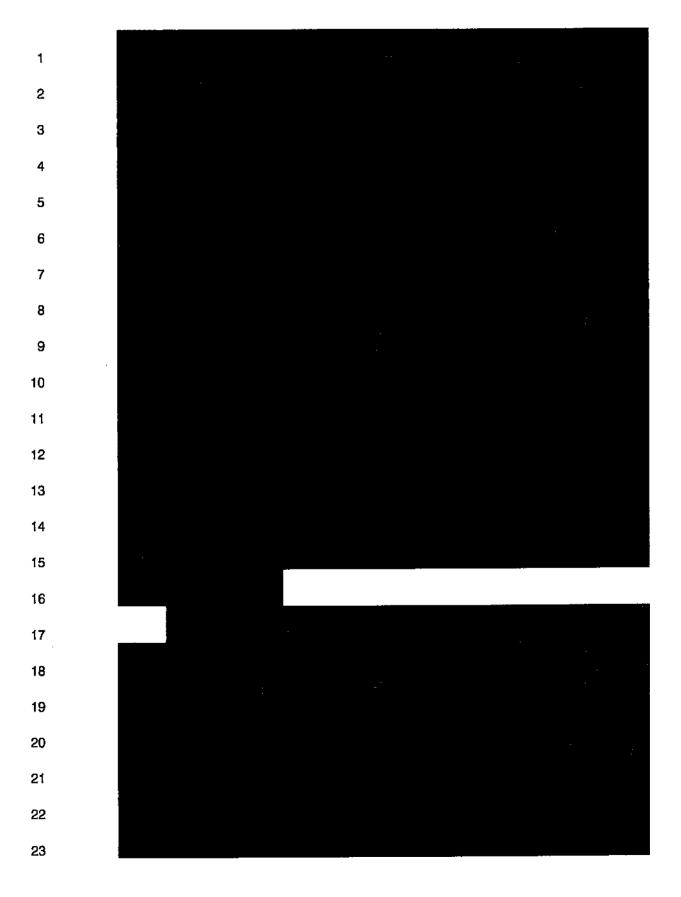
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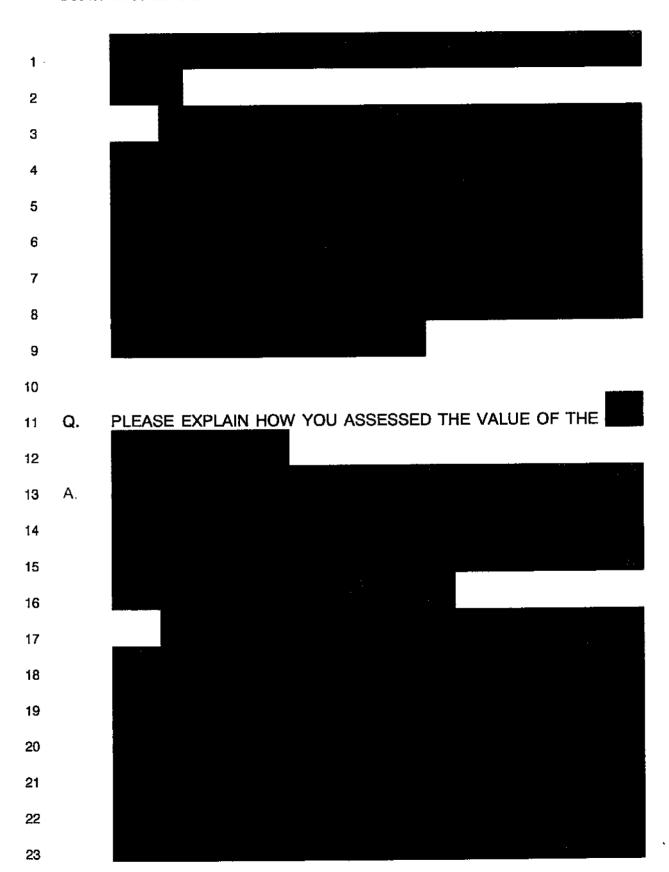
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A.



5 Q. IN YOUR OPINION, DID THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT
6 ADEQUATELY COMPENSATE EAI FOR ITS LOSSES RELATED TO

THE UP SERVICE SHORTFALLS?



Q. DID YOU CONSIDER EAI'S INVENTORY LEVELS IN PREPARING
YOUR VALUATION OF THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT?

1 A. No. As noted above, I do not believe that EAI failed to comply with the
2 45-day inventory target. The one day deviation I describe above was
3 attributable to railroad delivery shortfalls beyond the Company's control,
4 rather than a conscious effort to reduce inventories below the 45-day
5 level.

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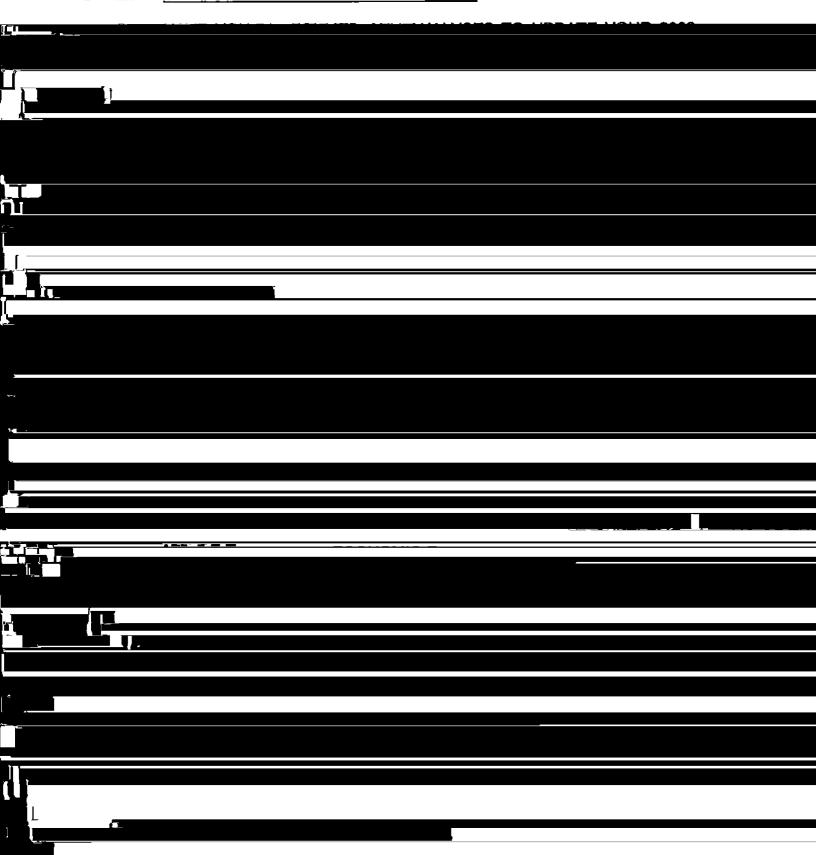
Q. DID ANY OTHER UTILITY FILE SUIT AGAINST UP FOR ITS FAILURE
 TO DELIVER COAL IN 2005 AND 2006?

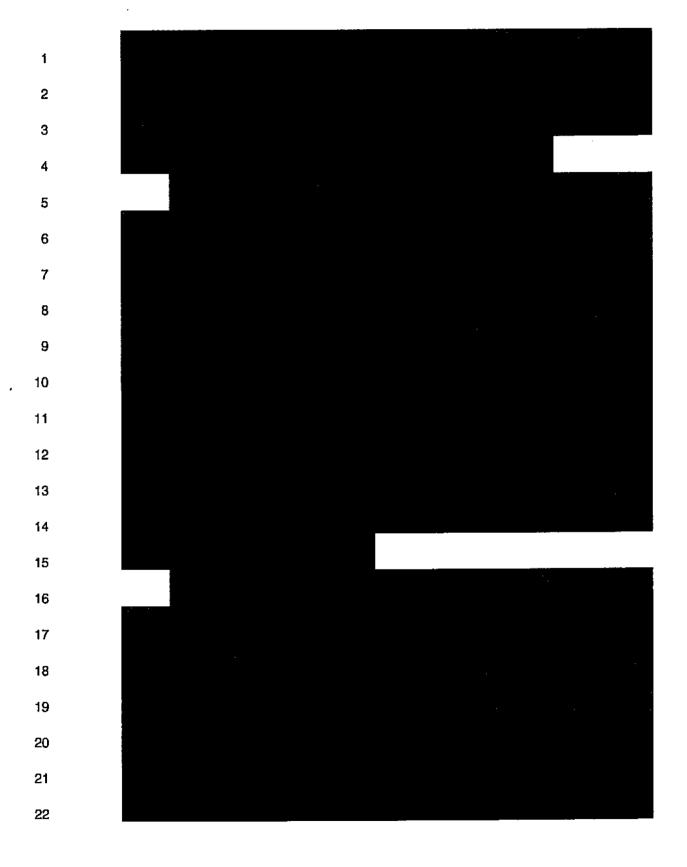
A. Based on public information, I can confirm that in 2007 Omaha Public 9 Power District ("OPPD") filed suit against UP for breach of contract. 10 Based on publicly available statements, OPPD and UP settled their 11 12 litigation, although the details of the settlement are confidential. Another 13 utility, the Wisconsin Public Service Corporation ("WPSC"), had an arbitration with UP over the 2005 PRB service disruptions. While the fact 14 of the WPSC arbitration was public through certain documents filed in 15 court to initiate the arbitration, the details of the arbitration were 16 17 confidential. I am not aware of any other utilities that instituted formal proceedings against UP for its failure to deliver coal during 2005 and 18 2006. Several other utilities that are co-owners in one or more of EAI's 19 coal plants intervened in EAI's litigation with UP (the "Intervenors").3 20

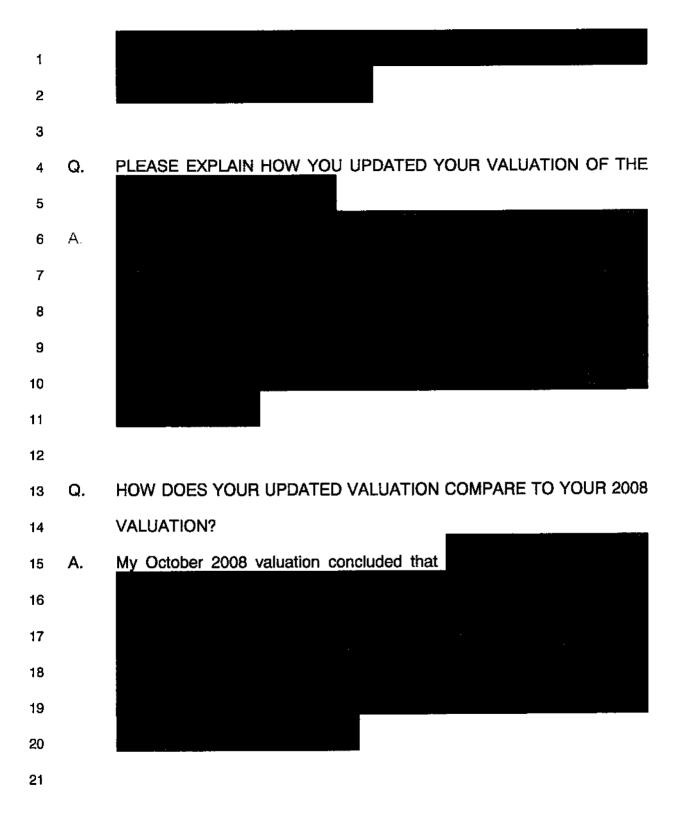
³ The Intervenors were East Texas Electric Cooperative, Inc.; Arkansas Electric Cooperative Corporation, Arkansas Cities (Conway Corporation, West Memphis Utilities Commission, and City of Osceola, Arkansas) and City Water & Light Plant of Jonesboro, Arkansas.

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2 III. UPDATED VALUATION OF SETTLEMENT







1 IV. <u>SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION</u>

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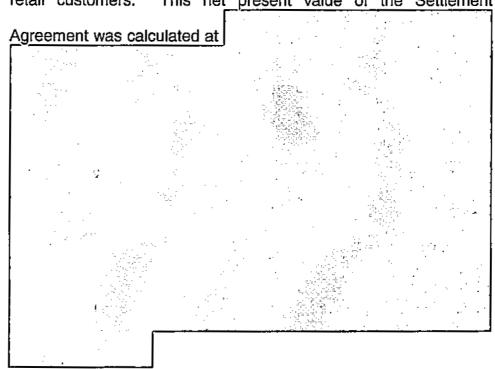
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- 2 Q. WILL YOU PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR DIRECT TESTIMONY?
- 3 A. Yes. The key points of my direct testimony are as follows:
 - When EAI's inventory levels are measured using the same burn rate that the Commission relied upon in establishing the 45-day standard in Docket No. 96-360-U, EAI's inventory levels were not deficient.
 - The Settlement Agreement has substantial value to EAI and its retail customers. This net present value of the Settlement



Based on developments in the marketplace since my 2008
 valuation of the Settlement Agreement, the value of the Settlement

22 Agreement to EAI has
23



- 6 Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR DIRECT TESTIMONY?
- 7 A. Yes, it does.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Steven K. Strickland, do hereby certify that a copy of the foregoing has been served upon all parties of record this 15th day of June 2019.

Steven K. Strickland

BEFORE THE ARKANSAS PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

IN THE MATTER OF AN INVESTIGATION OF ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC.'S MARCH 2006 ENERGY COST RECOVERY RIDER ANNUAL UPDATE)))	DOCKET NO. 06-055-U
IN THE MATTER OF AN INVESTIGATION INTO ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC.'S INTERIM REVISION TO ITS ENERGY COST RECOVERY RIDER)))	DOCKET NO. 05-116-U

EAI EXHIBIT TDC-5

PREPARED TESTIMONY
OF
G. RICHARD MCDOWELL CPA
PUBLIC UTILITY AUDIT SUPERVISOR

ON BEHALF OF THE STAFF OF THE ARKANSAS PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

JULY 31, 1997

22 31 5 22 21 197

BEFORE THE ARKANSAS PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

IN THE MAITER OF THE APPLICATION

OF ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC. FOR

APPROVAL OF CHANGES IN RATES,

FOR RETAIL ELECTRIC SERVICES

DOCKET NO. 96-360-U

PREPARED TESTIMONY

OF

G. RICHARD MCDOWELL CPA PUBLIC UTILITY AUDIT SUPERVISOR

ON BEHALF OF THE STAPF OF THE ARKANSAS PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

JULY 31, 1997

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•		DOCKET NO. 96-360-U		
		PREPARED TESTIMONY OF G. RICHARD MCDOWELL -1-		
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	1	 Please state your name and business address. 		

My name is G. Richard McDowell and my business address is Arkansas Public

tam a Public Utility Audit Supervisor employed by the Commission Staff (Staff).

I graduated from Arkansas Tech University in 1969 with a Bachelor of Science

degree in accounting. I have completed post-graduate work at the University

What is your position and related educational training and experience?

Service Commission (APSC or Commission),

1000 Center Street, Little Rock, Arkansas 72201.

Α.

Q.

A.

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PREPARED TESTIMONY OF G. RICHARD MCDOWELL
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Q.

A.

and Institute of Public Utilities of the Graduate School of Business Administration, Michigan State University. I have filed testimony numerous times before this Commission, and have considerable experience on the particular issues which I am addressing in this proceeding. A list of the regulatory proceedings in which I have filed testimony or offered comments is provided in Attachment GRM-1.

PURPOSE OF TESTIMONY

What is the purpose of the testimony that you are presenting in this Docket? I am presenting testimony in support of adjustments made to Entergy Arkansas, Inc.'s (EA: or Company) working capital assets and current, accrued, and other liabilities, as presented by the Company in its application, to be utilized in the Modified Balance Sheet Approach (MBSA), the method used by Staff to establish the working capital requirement. Additionally, I will present testimony which will establish the proper level of accumulated deferred income taxes, at the end of the <u>pro forma</u> year, and the applicable current and deferred federal and state income tax expense for that period.

ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC.
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PREPARED TESTIMONY OF G. RICHARD MCDOWELL
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MODIFIED BALANCE SHEET APPROACH

3 Q. Please explain your determination of the Company's working capital

I have used the Modified Balance Sheet Approach (MBSA) to determine working capital. The Commission ordered the use of the MBSA, either in the absence of a lead-lag study or as a check on a lead-lag study filed by a utility, in Order No. 7 of Arkansas Power and Light Company Docket No. 84-199-U. Since that time, the Staff has utilized the MBSA to determine working capital in its evaluation of rate case filings with continued acceptance by the Commission. Moreover, the use of the MBSA to determine working capital was upheld by the Arkansas Court of Appeals and the Arkansas Supreme Court. See, General Telephone Co. of the Southwest v. Arkansas Public Service Commission, 23 Ark. App. 73, 744 S.W.2d 392 (1988), aff'd., 295 Ark. 595, 751 S.W.2d 1 (1988), and General Waterworks Company of Pine Bluff v. Arkansas Public Service Commission, 25 Ark. App. 49, 752 S.W.2d 52 (1988). EAI generally follows this methodology in its application.

18 Q Please describe the MBSA.

requirement.

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A. This method calls for assets, other than plant, which are not interest bearing

ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC. DOCKET NO. 96-360-U PREPARED TESTIMONY OF G. RICHARD MCDOWELL -4-

Q.

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and not considered elsewhere in the cost of service, to be included in the rate base. These assets would include those necessary to provide utility service, and a return that will supplement working capital should be allowed on these assets. Additionally, all current, accrued, and other liabilities which are a source of funds to the utility should be included in the Company's capital structure at their appropriate cost.

Would you explain why it is appropriate to include these liabilities in the capital structure?

Yes. The rationale for including liabilities in the capital structure is that all

iliabilities are sources of funds used to finance the assets of a company. This methodology is based on the basic theory of fungibility. Because liabilities represent sources of funds and because funds by definition are fungible (i.e., the distinction cannot be made as to which source is financing a particular asset). Current, accrued and other liabilities should be placed in the capital structure along with all other funding sources.

The concept of fungibility of funds has long been accepted by this Commission as appropriate treatment for the largest liability on the balance sheet, long-term debt. And all elements involved in a calculation of a company's cost of capital must be given consistent treatment. See

ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC.
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Southwestern Bell Telephone Company v. Arkansas Public Service Commission. 1 24 Ark. App. 142, 751 S.W.2d 8 (1988). Therefore, Staff has included all 2 funding sources (including zero cost liabilities) in the capital structure. 3 4 6 **WORKING CAPITAL ASSETS** 7 Mr. McDowell, how did the Company categorize and present Э. 8 working capital 9 assets in its application? 10 In its application, Fuel Inventory, Materials and Supplies, Prepayments, a 11 deferred charge for Steam Generator Chemical Cleaning, Investment in System 12 Fuels, Inc., Severance Costs related to employee work force reductions, and the remaining asset accounts were listed as separate line items. I will comment on 13 14 the proper levels of these accounts to be included in the rate base. 15 Q. How did the Company calculate the balances of working capital assets in its application? The Company included in rate base an adjusted total of working capital assets 17 А for all line items which was computed using thirteen-month averages for the 18 test year. In general, the thirteen-month averages compared favorably with the

ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC. DOCKET NO. 96-360-U PREPARED TESTIMONY OF G. RICHARD MCDOWELL -6-

1		asset balances per the General Ledger. However, in some instances certain
2		accounts were adjusted or were in need of adjustment because of material
3		fluctuations in the balances, or for other reasons.
4	a.	Mr. McDowell, please discuss the Fuel Inventory balances included by the
5		Company in the application.
6	Α.	As presented in EAI's application, the inventory consists of the sum of the
7		thirteen-month averages of the direct and related coal costs for both the White
8		Bluff and Independence (ISES) plants and a nominal balance for nuclear fuel.
9		The balances in the coal inventory, which have been included, are allocated
10		amounts representing EAI's 57% and 15.75% ownership in White Bluff and
11		ISES, respectively.
12	a.	After reviewing the information provided by the Company, did you find that
13		these accounts needed any adjustment before being included in Staff's working
14		capital assets?
15	A.	Yes. In response to a Staff interrogatory, APSC-198, the Company provided
16		the average daily burn amounts which were required to fire each of the plants.
17		calculated the appropriate amounts of inventory at each location necessary to
18		fuel the plants for forty-five days, a generally accepted number of days for
9		funding working capital, and reduced each respective balance to that level. This

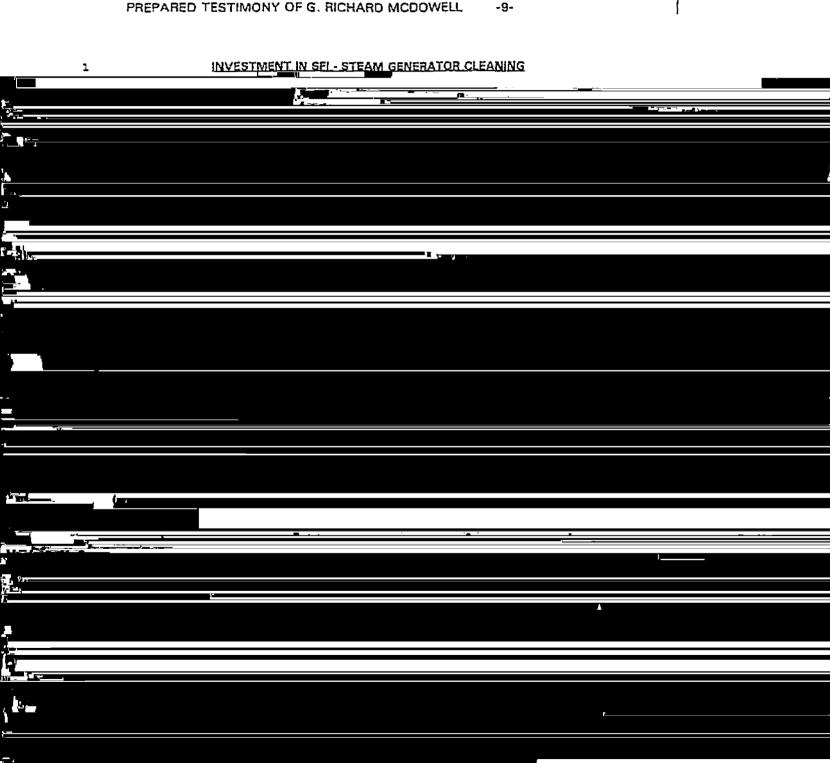
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1		resulted in a cumulative reduction of \$6,468,000, which produces an
2		acceptable inventories level and is reflected in Staff Exhibit ADW-3, page 1 of
3		13, Adjustment No. RB-3.
4	a.	Mr. McDowell, please explain your adjustments to accounts for non-recurring
5		balances in the Company's working capital assets.
6	Α.	Account No. 134000, "Other Special Deposits," essentially carried a zero
7		average balance through October in the test year, with various debit and credit
8		monthly balances for those ten months. However, in November of 1995, \$118
9		million was charged to the account for a temporary, non-recurring purpose,
10		producing a thirteen-month average in the account of \$9,422,479. This
11		amount has not been included in Staff's working capital assets, as reflected in
12		ADW-3, page 1 of 13, Adjustment No.RB-5.
13	۵.	Mr. McDowell, in your examination of the accounts included as working capital
14		assets by the Company, did you note any charges which you believe were not
15		necessary for the provision of utility service?
26	A.	Yes. I noted that Account Nos. 142014 and 142102, with balances of
17		\$2,369,930 and \$1,096,795, respectively, are accounts receivables which
18		relate solely to wholesale activity. Therefore, I removed them from Staff's
19		working capital assets. Additionally, Account Nos. 146002 and 171001 with

ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC. DOCKET NO. 96-360-U PREPARED TESTIMONY OF G. RICHARD MCDOWELL -8-

1		balances of \$49,316 and \$225,650 are interest receivable accounts which
2		reflect, accrued interest earned through money pool transactions which are not
3		utility related. I have also removed those accounts.
4	Q.	Mr. McDowell, did you make any other adjustments to working capital assets
5		as filed in the Company's application?
6	Α.	Yes, included in each month-end calculation of Accrued Unbilled Revenues
7		(Account No. 173000) was an amount which represented wholesale activity.
8		The average monthly amount of those sales was \$4,548,750, which has been
9		removed from the thirteen-month average of Accrued Unbilled Revenues.
10	a.	Did you review the Company's various Materials & Supplies and Prepaid Assets
11		accounts?
12	. A	I reviewed each individual account which was included in those account groups
13		as a portion of working capital assets. I did not find any need for adjustment
14		and have included them in Staff's working capital assets.
15	a	Mr. McDowell, please summarize Staff's adjustment to working capital assets.
16	Д	Staff's adjustment to include working capital assets of \$246,538,000 is
17		reflected in Staff Exhibit ADW-3, page 1 of 13, as Adjustment No. RB-5.
18		

ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC.
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ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC.
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PREPARED TESTIMONY OF G. RICHARD MCDOWELL -10-

CURRENT, ACCRUED, AND OTHER LIABILITIES

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Q. Mr. McDowell, did you provide Staff witness Donna Gray with the proper balances of current, accrued, and other habilities for inclusion in the capital structure?

- 6 A. Yes, I did.
- Q. How have you treated current, accrued, and other liabilities?
 - A. I have reviewed each account in this category and have determined that there is no cost associated with any of these amounts. The total of these accounts has been included in the capital structure by Ms. Gray at zero cost.
 - an its application, on Schedule D-6, the Company listed liability account balances which totaled \$2,090,979,112, including \$1,798,157,229, the amount of the Company's total Long-term debt, ADIT, and Customer Deposits combined. The remaining portion of the total, \$292,821,883, represents Current, Accrued, and Other Liabilities. The original thirteen-month average total of this class of liabilities was \$299,227,617, however the Company reduced this total in the application by \$6,405,734 to recognize a change in accounting methods which will reduce certain nuclear related liabilities.
 - Do you agree with this adjustment made by the Company?

ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC.
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1	A.	Yes. I believe that this adjustment is appropriate.
2	Q.	Mr. McDowell, did you adjust the remaining balances so they would be
3		representative of the daily average for each account?
4	A.	Yes. I complied with the guidelines prescribed in Order No. 7 of Docket No
5		84-199-U. wherein the Commission stated:
6 7 8 9		Staff must examine the asset and liability averages to insure that the average of month-end balances represents the annual average in the accounts. The rationale for these changes is that these items represent a material portion
11		of current, accrued, and other liabilities and an understatement of these
12		amounts could substantially misstate the resulting computations of cost of
13		capital.
14	Ω.	Please dentify your adjustments to the remaining accounts.
15	Α	Intercompany accounts payable are normally settled on the 20th of the month
16		following the provision of goods and services. After a review of each account
17		involved, where proper. I adjusted the liability overages for the additional five
18		days lag in payment from the 15th day of the service month to the 20th day of
19		the subsequent month.
20		Similarly, an adjustment was calculated to account for the zero-cost lag
21		in payment of ad valorem taxes. These property taxes are assessed at the

ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC.

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PREPARED TESTIMONY OF G. RICHARD MCDOWELL -12-

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beginning of one year but are paid in installments the following year. Interest and dividends payable accounts were examined and adjusted to reflect the proper balances considering the period between the time dividends are declared or interest is due and the dates of payment. Federal and state income taxes and other current and accrued liabilities were reviewed and adjusted as necessary to reflect the proper zero-cost liability. After making the necessary adjustments explained above, I concluded that these liability averages, totaling \$314,432,451 as computed and adjusted, should be included in the capital structure at zero cost. That amount is reflected in Staff Exhibit DG-13. Why should these accounts be assigned a zero cost? These liability balances exist because the Company has purchased goods. services, and other items but has not immediately paid for them. For the period of time between when the Company incurs the liability and the date the Company pays the liability, the Company has had the use of those funds at no cost.

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-13-

CURRENT AND DEFERRED INCOME TAXES

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Q. Mr. McDowell, please explain your treatment of Accumulated Deferred Income
 Tax (ADiT).

- A. ADIT is a cost free source of funds because the balances in the accounts represent the cumulative income taxes, both federal and state, on which the Company defers payment in accordance with applicable tax laws, even though customers pay the full amount of income taxes on a timely basis through the established rates. These amounts are properly considered liabilities payable in future periods and as such are included in the capital structure at their actual cost, which is zero, to the utility.
- 12 C. Mr. McDowell, how does the Company's deferred income tax situation differ 13 from other utility companies' treatment of the issue by this Commission?
 - A. Deferred income taxes are calculated based on the type and amount of timing differences (i.e., the contrast between the periods when income or expense is recognized for accounting or income tax purposes) as of a given date utilizing the accounting procedure known as normalization. Alternatively, the accounting method whereby a timing difference is not normalized and is allowed to reduce current income taxes is known as the flow-through method. Usually, Staff,

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1		after reviewing the nature and impact of the timing differences in existence in
2		the test year, has employed a combination of flow-through and normalization
3		to establish the proper level of deferred income taxes. However, in Docket No.
4		81-144-U, this Commission directed the Company to flow-through all timing
5		differences which do not relate to depreciation.
6	Q.	Did you adjust the account balances for ADIT as stated by the Company in the
7		application?
В	A.	No After review of the Company's deferred income tax calculations and
9		verification of the nature of the timing differences considered, I accepted the
10		level of Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes presented by the Company in its
11		application, \$475,165,687, as reflected in Staff's capital structure in Staff
12		Exhibit DG-13.
13	O	Mr. McDowell, please explain Adjustment IS-11(A).
14	A.	This adjustment synchronizes the interest, or "fixed charges," amount used in
15		the income tax calculation with Staff's adjusted rate base. The company, in its
16		Adjustment 2, utilized the same methodology for synchronization purposes with
17		its proposed rate base.
18	a.	Please explain Adjustment Is-11(8).
.9	A	This adjustment recognizes, for current and deferred income tax purposes, the

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7		effect of Staff's proposed increase in book depreciation rates. It is similar to
2		the Company's Adjustment 3, using staff's depreciation level instead of the
3		Company's level.
4	a.	Please explain Adjustment IS-11(C).
5	Α.	This adjustment includes an annual amount of SFAS 106 - Post Retirement
6		Benefits Other Than Pension Cost (SFAS 106 Cost) and amortization of the
7		estimated deferred SFAS 106 Cost as of the midpoint of the adjusted test year.
В		This adjustment is the same as the company's Adjustment 8.
9	a.	Please explain Adjustment IS-11(D).
1.0	A.	This adjustment eliminates severance costs recorded by the Company in the test
11		year and recognizes an amortization of total severance costs over five years.
12		This adjustment is the same as the Company's Adjustment 10.
13	Q.	Mr. McDowell, are there any other income tex related calculations in this case
14		for which you are responsible?
15	Α.	Yes. I have provided to Staff Witness Alice Wright the estimated current and
16		deferred state and federal income tax expenses which are included in Staff
17		Exhibit ADW-6. My computations assume the same level of timing differences,
18		for purposes of calculating deferred income tax, as were in existence at the end
.9		of the adjusted test year.

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- Q. Does this conclude your testimony?
- A. Yes, it does.

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ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC. DOCKET NO. 96-360-U STAFF ATTACHMENT GRM-1 PAGE 1 OF 1

LISTING OF PROCEEDINGS IN WHICH G. RICHARD MCDOWELL HAS FILED TESTIMONY OR OFFERED COMMENTS AS OF JULY 31, 1997

Docket No.	Company	Issue
90-048-W	General Waterworks of Pine Bluff	MBSA, Income Taxes
90-214 - U	Empire District Electric, Inc.	MBSA, Income Taxes
91-093-U	Arkla Energy Resources Corp.	MBSA, Income Taxes
91-242-L'	Arkansas Oklahoma Gas Co.	Expenses, Income Taxes
92-032-C	Arkansas Louisiana Gas Co.	MBSA, Income Taxes
92-260-U	Southwestern Bell Telephone Co.	MBSA, Income Taxes
94-169-1!	Southwestern Bell Telephone Co.	MBSA, Income Taxes
93-081-{1	Arkansas Louisiana Gas Co.	Expenses, Income Taxes
93-326-U	Shumaker Public Service Co.	MBSA, Income Taxes
94-175-U	Arkansas Louisiana Gas Co.	MBSA, Income Taxes

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I. Jan Sanders, hereby certify that a copy of the foregoing Testimony has been served on all parties of record by forwarding the same by first-class mail, postage prepaid, this 3/2/2/2 day of July, 1997.

Jan Sanders

Secretary of the Commission

IN THE MATTER OF AN INVESTIGATION OF ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC.'S MARCH 2006 ENERGY COST RECOVERY RIDER ANNUAL UPDATE))))	DOCKET NO. 06-055-U
IN THE MATTER OF AN INVESTIGATION INTO ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC.'S INTERIM REVISION TO ITS ENERGY COST RECOVERY RIDER))))	DOCKET NO. 05-116-U

EAI EXHIBIT TDC-6

1995 INDEPENDENCE AND WHITE BLUFF GENERATING STATIONS AVERAGE DAILY BURN AND 45-DAY INVENTORY LEVELS

1995 INDEPENDENCE AND WHITE BLUFF GENERATING STATIONS AVERAGE DAILY BURN AND 45-DAY INVENTORY LEVELS

	ftem (1)	Independence Generating <u>Station</u> (2)	White Bluff' Generating <u>Station</u> (3)	Combined Generating <u>Station</u> (4)
1.	Aggregate Coal Burn I/	5,748,895	6,339,286	12,088,181
2.	Average Daily Coal Burn 2/	15,750	17,368	33,118
3.	45-Day Inventory Level 3/	708,768	781,556	1,490,324

^{1/} Source: EIA Form 790. EIA Form 790 was a monthly form submitted by each operating utility that identified total tons consumed by fuel type. It has been replaced by EIA Form 920.

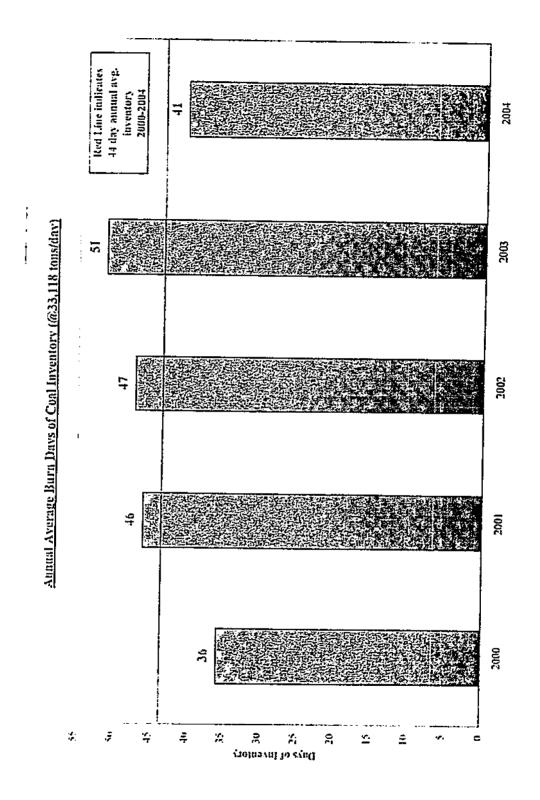
^{2/} Line I = 365 days per year.

^{3/} Line 2 x 45 days

IN THE MATTER OF AN INVESTIGATION OF ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC.'S MARCH 2006 ENERGY COST RECOVERY RIDER ANNUAL UPDATE)))	DOCKET NO. 06-055-U
IN THE MATTER OF AN INVESTIGATION INTO ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC.'S INTERIM REVISION TO ITS ENERGY COST RECOVERY RIDER)))	DOCKET NO. 05-116-U

EAI EXHIBIT TDC-7

ANNUAL AVERAGE BURN DAYS
OF COAL INVENTORY (@ 33,118 TONS/DAY)



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INTO ENTERGY AF	RKANSAS, INC.'S I TO ITS ENERGY	N)))	DOCKET NO. 05-116-U
	MARCH 2006 ENER RECOVERY RIDER IN THE MATTER OF INTO ENTERGY AR INTERIM REVISION	MARCH 2006 ENERGY COST RECOVERY RIDER ANNUAL UPDATE	MARCH 2006 ENERGY COST) RECOVERY RIDER ANNUAL UPDATE) IN THE MATTER OF AN INVESTIGATION) INTO ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC.'S) INTERIM REVISION TO ITS ENERGY)

EAI EXHIBIT TDC-8

DIFFERENCES BETWEEN ENTERGY DECLARATIONS AND UP DELIVERIES TO WHITE BLUFF AND INDEPENDENCE PLANTS

IN THE MATTER OF AN INVESTIGATION OF ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC.'S MARCH 2006 ENERGY COST RECOVERY RIDER ANNUAL UPDATE)))	DOCKET NO. 06-055-U
IN THE MATTER OF AN INVESTIGATION INTO ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC.'S INTERIM REVISION TO ITS ENERGY COST RECOVERY RIDER)))	DOCKET NO. 05-116-U

EAI EXHIBIT TDC-9

RESPONSE TO APSC 1-9 ADDENDUM 1

APSC DOCKET 05-116-U. BEFORE THE ARKANSAS PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

IN THE MATTER OF AN INVESTIGATION OF ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC.'S MARCH 2006 ENERGY COST RECOVERY RIDER ANNUAL UPDATE)))	DOCKET NO. 06-055-U
IN THE MATTER OF AN INVESTIGATION INTO ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC.'S INTERIM REVISION TO ITS ENERGY COST RECOVERY RIDER)))	DOCKET NO. 05-116-U

EAI EXHIBIT TDC-10

EVALUATION OF SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT BETWEEN ENTERGY AND UP

APSC DOCKET 05-116-U. BEFORE THE ARKANSAS PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

IN THE MATTER OF AN INVESTIGATION OF ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC.'S MARCH 2006 ENERGY COST RECOVERY RIDER ANNUAL UPDATE)))	DOCKET NO. 06-055-U
IN THE MATTER OF AN INVESTIGATION INTO ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC.'S INTERIM REVISION TO ITS ENERGY COST RECOVERY RIDER)))	DOCKET NO. 05-116-U

EAI EXHIBIT TDC-11

UPDATED EVALUATION OF SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT BETWEEN ENTERGY AND UP